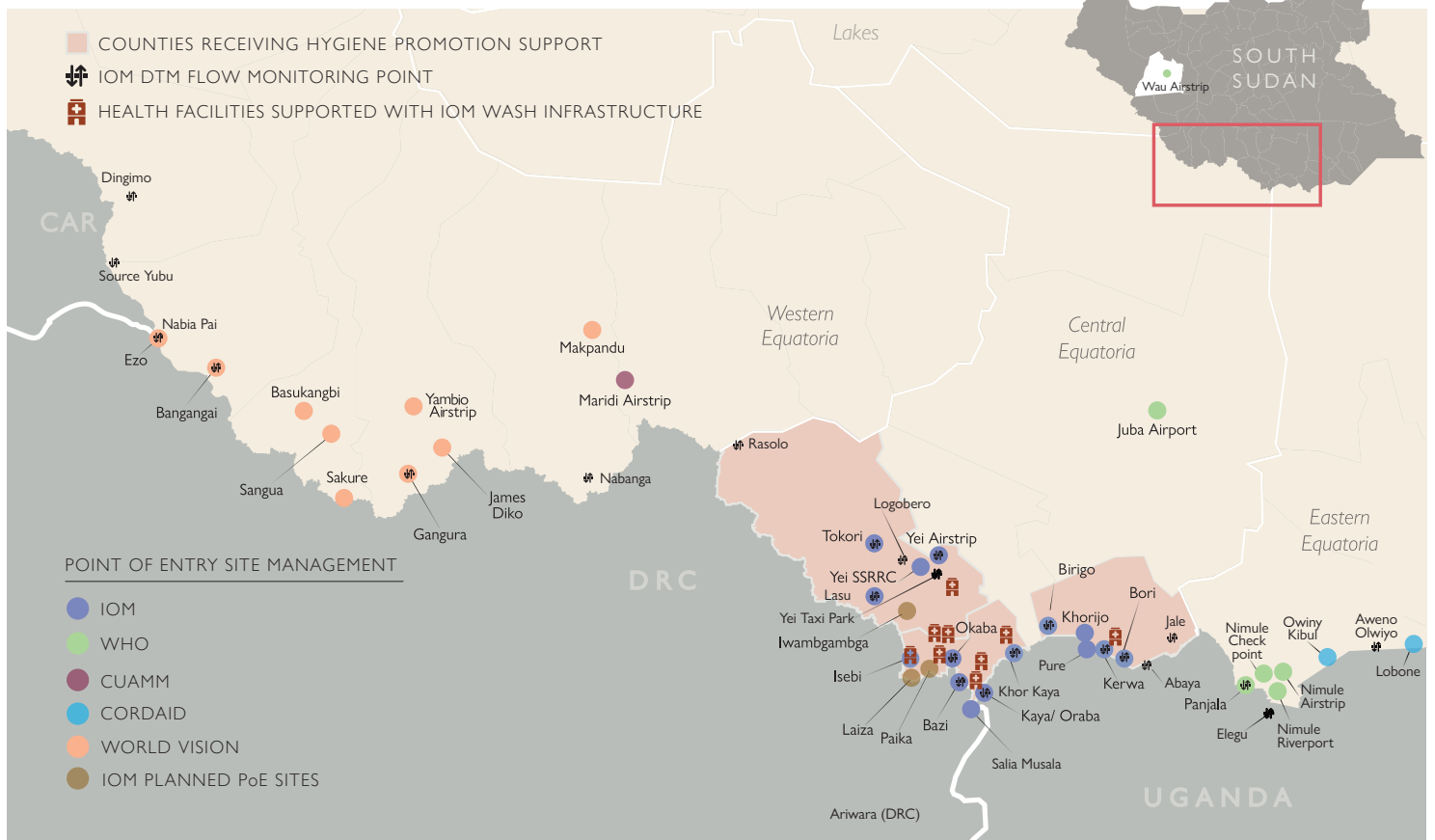




# IOM SOUTH SUDAN

## WEEKLY EBOLA VIRUS DISEASE PREPAREDNESS UPDATE



### INDIVIDUALS SCREENED THIS WEEK PER LOCATION & CUMULATIVE SCREENINGS PER LOCATION

Bazi	Birigo	Bori	Isebi	Kaya	Kerwa	Khorijo	Khor Kaya	Lasu	Okaba	Pure	Salia Musala	Tokori	Yei Airport	Yei SSRRC
1,188	980	1,144	298	4,103	2,053	2,211	2,302	11	2,306	4,128	3,045	39	24	48
56,240	33,640	19,230	3,195	163,445	61,371	100,923	75,075	2,126	72,136	115,741	91,424	6,107	1,114	1,418

### ORIGIN OF ENTRANTS TO SOUTH SUDAN

COUNTRY & LOCATIONS OF ORIGIN	NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS SURVEYED THIS WEEK	TRENDS COMPARED TO PREVIOUS WEEK
UGA Koboko	2308	38.5% ↑
COD Ituri	1834	30.6% ↓
UGA Moyo	509	8.50% ↑
UGA Yumbe	462	7.72% ↓
COD Haut-Uele	324	5.41% ↓
CAF Haut-Mbomou	171	2.85% ↑
UGA Other	85	1.42% ↓
UGA Maracha	77	1.28% ↑
Other Other	75	1.25% ↑
UGA Arua	71	1.18% ↓
UGA Lamwo	66	1.10% ↑

Operational factors, including delayed submission by some FMPs, may affect trends on a week-by-week basis. The trend arrows in the DTM figure refer to the share of respondents from each FMP (as opposed to the absolute numbers) Figures with; ↑ upward trend, ↓ downward trend, — no change. For a more detailed breakdown, contact southsudanDTM@iom.int.

During this reporting week, a total of 5,982 entrants were surveyed. Of these, 75.3% were South Sudanese nationals; 21% were from Uganda; 1.6% from DRC; 1.6% from CAF; and a further 1.1% were from other countries. Entrants' origin information is self-reported.

### WEEKLY OVERVIEW

#### DTM

- DTM continues to operate 24 FMPs at the borders with DRC, Uganda and CAR, of which six are run in cooperation with DTM Uganda on the Ugandan side of the border.

#### WASH

- IOM team conducted an assessment on functionality and IPC/WASH facilities at the PHCC in Jale. Further the team discussed with community and local authorities such as the migration office in Jale regarding their EVD awareness and preparedness efforts.
- IOM repaired two secondary screening shelters; one at Kerwa and one at Yei-SSRRC PoEs to enable continuous active screening in the PoEs managed by IOM.

#### HEALTH

- IOM continued to support and conduct active screening at the 15 Points of Entry (PoEs) sites: Yei SSRRC and Yei Airstrip within Yei Town; Lasu and Tokori in Otodo County; Kaya, Bazi, Salia Musala, Okaba, Khor Kaya (along Busia Uganda Border) and Isebi in Morobo County; Pure, Kerwa, Khorijo, Bori in Kajokeji County; and Birigo in Lainya County.



INDIVIDUALS SCREENED THIS WEEK: **23,880**



SUSPECTED/ CONFIRMED EVD CASES: **0**

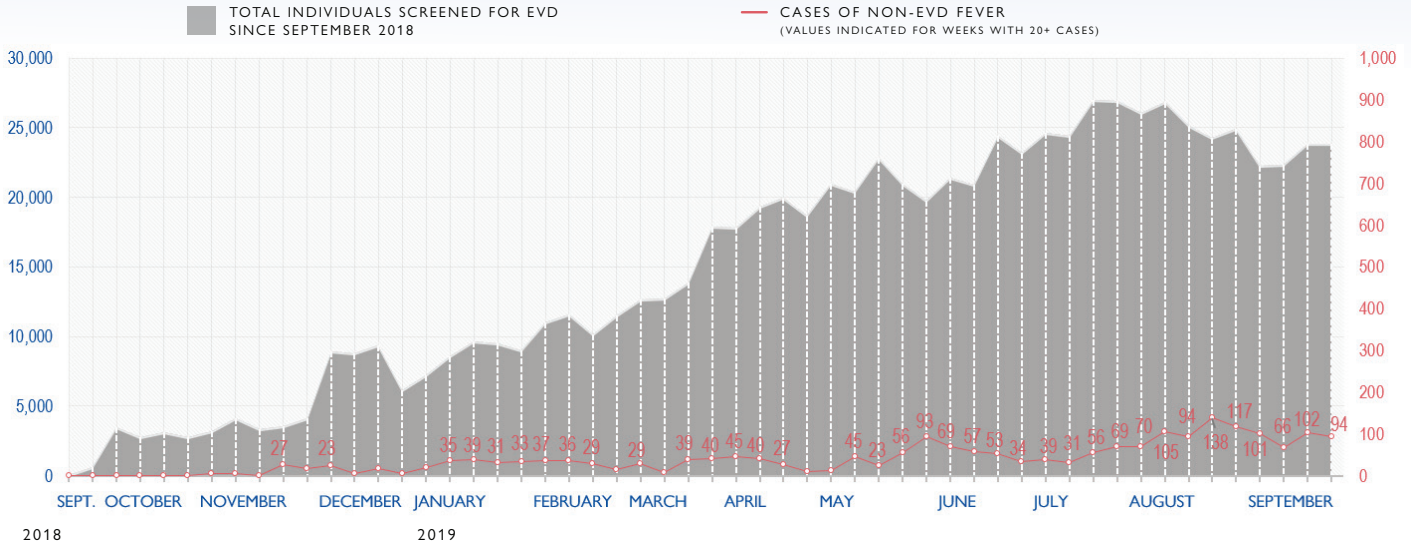


INDIVIDUALS REACHED TO-DATE WITH HYGIENE PROMOTION: **263,803**



HEALTH FACILITIES SUPPORTED THROUGH WASH ASSISTANCE: **9**

WEEKLY EVD SCREENING



HEALTH UPDATES

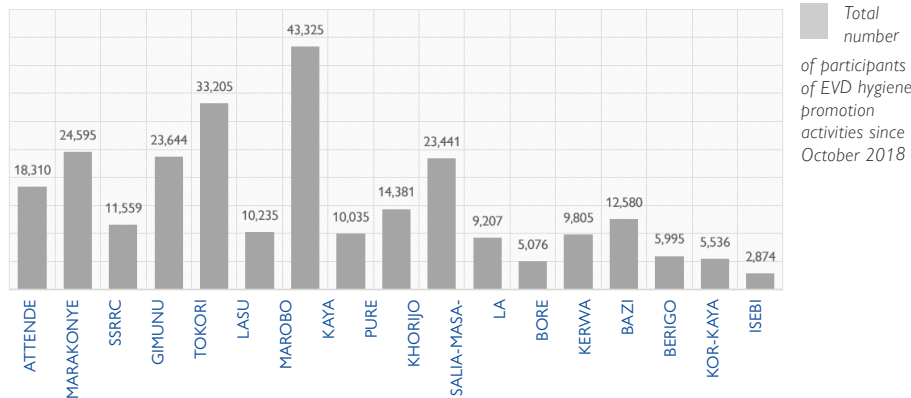
A total of 23,880 travelers were screened for EVD exposure and symptoms from all 15 IOM PoE EVD screening sites, making the cumulative total screened to 794,824 inbound travelers to South Sudan. Compared to the previous reporting week, week 39 recorded a decrease of 102 in the total number of travelers screened.

There was a total of 97 inbound travelers who underwent secondary screening, all with non-EVD fever. Of the 97 cases, 42 (43%) had their temperature return to normal after subsequent measurements in the secondary screening areas. The remaining 55 were referred for treatment at nearby health facilities for malaria, Respiration Tract Infection (RTI), Bronchopneumonia, tooth ache (dental carries), and other medical follow-ups. There were no alert cases reported.

WASH UPDATES

During the reporting week, IOM social mobilizers continued EVD awareness and hygiene promotion activities for communities in and around all 17 locations (Yei SSRRC screening point, Pure, Morobo, Khorijo, Kaya, Gimunu, Tokori, Marakonye, Lasu, Attende, Salia-Musala, Busia (Kor-Kaya), Kerwa, Bori, Bazi, Berigo and Isebi). Hygiene promotion sessions at schools, markets and water points, reaching approximately 6,461 individuals (1,277 men, 1,207 women, 1,971 boys, 1,890 girls) during the reporting week. This is a significant increase in the number of beneficiaries reached compared to week 38, a result of the apparently improving security situation along Tokori and Lasu roads, through which the Mission was able to receive reports from Tokori and Lasu.

HYGIENE PROMOTION ACTIVITIES



DTM UPDATES

Seventeen out of 18 FMPs operated from within South Sudan and all six FMPs run in cooperation with DTM Uganda were able to submit data on time for the weekly update, though the Elegu/Nimule FMP from Uganda only submitted partial data. No data was received from Rasolo FMP, located near the border with DRC between Maridi and Yei County.

Based on data submitted by Monday 30 September, 5,982 individuals were surveyed in groups on arrival to South Sudan during the reporting period. The main regions of departure were Koboko in Uganda (38.6% of respondents) and Ituri in DRC (30.7%), while the main reported counties of destination were Morobo (68.1%) and Kajo-Keji (13.1%). Most respondents reported South Sudanese nationality (75.3%), followed by Ugandan (20.6%).

SECURITY & ACCESS CHALLENGES

- Monitoring activities in Tokori and Lasu PoE are still challenging due to the unpredictable security situation along roads to Tokori PoE and Lasu PoE, further limiting the ability of the team to receive weekly reports on time.

COORDINATION NOTES

- Between 25-27 September, IOM teams received and supported third party monitoring activities of the IOM EVD preparedness project under USAID conducted by Management System International (MSI) at Yei Airstrip and SSRRC PoEs.
- IOM, together with DFID, plans to conduct a monitoring visit to Yei next week, as well as a functionality assessment at the two POEs in Yei
- IOM continues to actively participate in the various EVD meetings, including SAG, NTF, TWGs and STF.
- IOM also participates in other weekly state and county coordination meetings with OCHA, partners and other stakeholders.

ASSESSMENT OUTCOME

IOM conducted a one-day rapid assessment mission to Jale border crossing point, located in Kajokeji county, Yei River state. This PoE had previously been managed by a partner agency, but screening activities concluded in July due to a lack of funding; as such, the authorities had requested IOM to consider undertaking screening of travelers entering South Sudan through this Point of entry.

The findings indicate that the location already has a functional water source nearby, namely a borehole 1 km from the POE site; functional health facility and previous tent where travelers had been screened by AAH. There are already trained individuals that consist of a clinical officer, nurse, and a laboratory technician as part of the EVD Rapid Response Team (RRT) in Yei. There are also other trained individuals that had previously worked at the POE, including: three screeners, one cleaner, and three community mobilizers.

From the findings, the team provided the below recommendations;

- IOM to discuss in the State Task Force (STF) the possible re-opening of Jale PoE in case there is no partner ready to assume the role.
- Rehabilitate the borehole which supports both the PoE and the health facility.
- Provide IPC/WASH training to the clinical staffs to enhance preparedness in the referral of suspected EVD cases.
- Conduct EVD awareness sessions and Health and Hygiene promotion to communities.